2015 NC Tax Law Changes

Finance Staff

2015 Session Wrap-Up

- Economic Development
 - Business Tax Changes
 - Incentives
- The "Other" Tax Issues
 - PIT Changes
 - Sales Tax Base Expansion
 - Local Sales Tax Distribution
- Miscellaneous TaxChanges
- Tax Compliance/Tax Fraud Prevention

- House Bill 97
 - S.L. 2015-241
 - Current Operations and Capital Improvements
 Appropriations Act of 2015
- House Bill 117
 - S.L. 2015-259
 - N.C. Competes Act



UI 20% Surcharge Suspended for 2016



Senate Bill 15, S.L. 2015-238



Economic Development

Tax Law Changes

Tax Reform and Economic Development



- Lower rate
- Broad base
 - Horizontal equity
 - Simplification
- ▶ S.L. 2013-316
 - Rate reduction and triggers
 - No less than 40 tax preferences eliminated
- S.L. 2015-241
 - Additional changes to tax base
 - Single Sales Factor apportionment

Business Tax Base Changes

Corporate

- Placed limitation on interest expense deductions between related members
- Repealed cap on tax due from banks as a result of expense attribution associated with dividends not taxed
- Reduced the expense attribution percentage for banks from 20% to 15%

Franchise

- Simplified tax base calculation to be more consistent with net worth under GAAP
- Applied affiliated debt add-back to noncorporate entities



Other Business Tax Changes

- Single Sales FactorApportionment
 - Phase-in over three years
 - Informational return concerning market based sourcing due April 15, 2016, based on 2014 taxable year data for corporations with \$10 million in income before apportionment
- Repeal bank privilege license tax
- Repealed obsolete & antiquated CIT and franchise tax deductions





Business Tax Rate Changes

Corporate

- From 6.9% in 2013 to 4% in 2016
- Whenever net General Fund tax revenues exceed \$20,975,000,000
 - Anticipate that target amount will be met in FY 2015-16
 - Rate would be reduced in the subsequent taxable year, 2017

Franchise

- No change to base rate of \$1.50 per \$1,000
- Minimum tax increased from \$35 to \$200, effective for the 2017 taxable year
- Maximum tax on holding companies increased from \$75k to \$150k, effective for the 2017 taxable year

Economic Development

Incentives

How to Incent Businesses?

- Simplify tax laws and reduce tax rates
- Use State appropriations rather than tax expenditures
 - More focused
 - More accountability
 - More transparent
 - More deliberative





Tax Credits

- Credits Not Extended
 - Research & Development
 - Low-Income Housing
 - Renewable Energy
 - Film
- Renewable Energy Safe Harbor
 - S.L. 2015-11
 - For projects substantially completed by January 1, 2016

- Historic Rehabilitation
 - It's Back!
 - Expired 2014
 - No credit 2015
 - New credit 2016
 - Expires January 1, 2020
 - ▶ S.L. 2015-264, exception
 - Local Incentives
 - S.L. 2015-277, Senate Bill 472
 - Emphasizes that local governments may appropriate money for historic rehabilitation



JDIG

- Extended Program through January 1, 2019
- Increased Commitment Availability from \$15M to \$20M
- Created a Component for Recruitment of Megasites or High-Yield Projects
 - Investment Threshold of \$500M
 - ▶ Job Creation of 1,750
 - Increases annual commitment availability from \$20M to \$35M
 - IF business meets the job creation and investment commitment and all performance metrics for three consecutive years ...
 - Award calculation increases to 100% of withholdings
 - Length of award increases from 12 years to 20 years
 - Utility Account diversion is eliminated



JDIG and Allocation of Grant Funds

Tier Designation

- Award Calculation
 - ▶ 80% of PIT withholdings if project is in Tier I
 - > 75% for all other areas
- Utility Account Diversion
 - No diversion for Tier I
 - ▶ 10% diversion for Tier 2 (was 15%)
 - 25% diversion for Tier 3
- Job Creation
 - > 50 for Tier 3 (was 20)

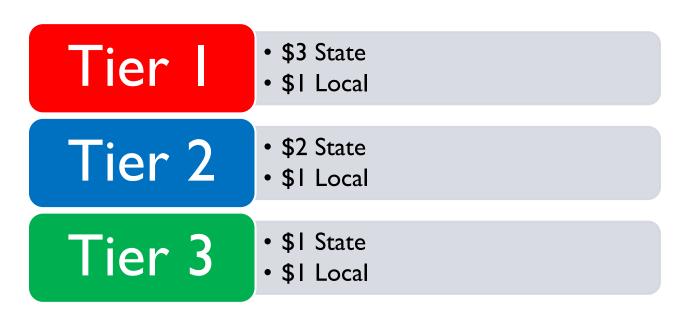
Other Program Changes

- Creates 2 equal semiannual installments of \$10M
- Additional finding that the local has appropriately participated in recruitment efforts and incentives
- Annual reporting of tieritemized listing of unaccepted offers and their aggregate value



One NC

- Discretionary fund to provide dollars to local governments for recruitment, expansion, or retention of new or existing businesses
- Modifications to the Local Match Requirements utilizing a Tiered Approach





PIT Changes

Rate
Standard Deductions
Itemized Deductions

PIT Rate Changes

- **2013**
 - Graduated rates
 - Range from 6% to 7.75%
- **2014**
 - ▶ Flat rate
 - **5.8%**
- **2015 & 2016**
 - **5.75%**
- **2017**
 - **5.499%**



PIT Standard Deduction Changes

2013

Personal Exemptions and Standard Deductions

2014

- No personal exemptions
- Larger standard deductions

Married filing jointly \$15,000

Head of Household \$12,000

▶ Single \$ 7,500

Married filing separately \$ 7,500

> 2016

- ▶ 3% increase in standard deduction amounts
- Married filing jointly moves from \$15,000 to \$15,500
- Others move accordingly



PIT Itemized Deduction Changes

2013

Substantially the same as federal itemized deductions

2014

- Eliminated all itemized deductions but three
- Three remaining itemized deductions:
 - Charitable contributions
 - Home mortgage interest + Property taxes paid on real estate, capped at \$20,000

2015

- Additional itemized deduction for Medical and Dental Expenses
- Unlimited; no cap



Sales Tax Base Expansion

Installation Repairs and Maintenance

Sales Tax Base Expansion

2013

- Entertainment activities
 - Including admission charges to the State Fair, effective 2015
- Meal plans at universities
- Service contracts

▶ 2015, effective March 1, 2016

- Remove the sales tax exemption for installation charges
- Expand the sales tax base to include gross receipts from installation, repair, and maintenance services of tangible personal property



Miscellaneous Tax Changes

Sales Tax Changes
Motor Vehicle Tax Rate Changes
Property Tax Exemption for Builder's Inventory

Sales Tax Exemption for Datacenters

Current Exemption

- Investment threshold of \$250M
- Location requirement of tier I or tier 2 county
- No wage and health insurance standard
- Use for software publishing or Internet activity

New Exemption

- Investment threshold of \$75M
- No location requirement
- Meet wage and health insurance standard
- No specific use requirement



Other Economic Development Tax Changes

Aviation Fuel

- Sales tax refund expires at end of 2015 (hub)
- FAA requirement
- HondaJet
- Exempt aviation fuel for interstate air business
- Combined general rate for fuel; proceeds for aviation
- General rate/new cap for aircraft
- New sales tax exemption

Motorsports

- Conflict be/ Revenue Ruling and statutory language
- ▶ Technical concerns
- Expiring credits
- Sales tax exemption
- Sales tax clarification
- Sales tax refund extension
- Sunset on all provisions



Motor Fuel Excise Tax Rate

Senate Bill 20, S.L. 2015-2

| Date | Tax Rate | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| April 1, 2015 | 36 cpg | |
| January 1,2016 | 35 cpg | |
| July 1, 2016 | 34 cpg | |
| January 1,2017 | 34 cpg * percentage | |
| January 1, 2018 | Rate for preceding year * percentage | |

What is the percentage? 100% +/- the sum of the following:

- Percentage change in population * 75%
- Percentage change in CPI for All Urban Consumers (energy costs) * 25%



Property Tax Exclusion for Builder's Inventory

Summary of Exclusion Provisions

| | Residential Property | Commercial Property |
|--|--|--|
| Applies to Increase in Value Attributed to | Subdivision Non-structural improvements New single-family homes or duplexes | SubdivisionNon-structural improvements |
| Maximum Duration | Three years from first listing | Five years from first listing |
| Disqualifications | Sale Removal from market Lease Commercial use (eg, as a model home) | SaleRemoval from marketIssuance of building permit |

Chris McLaughlin, Property Tax Bulletin, No. 169, September 2015, SOG House Bill 168, S.L. 2015-223

Tax Compliance and Tax Fraud Prevention

House Bill 117 S.L. 2015-259

Department of Revenue Initiative

- Reduce and prevent occurrence of refund fraud
 - ▶ Require reports re: compensation be submitted by January 31st
 - Employers and payers of independent contractors
 - Pension plan administrators
 - Lottery Commission
- Ensure tax compliance among business professionals and business entities
 - Require reports re: name, license number, tax ID number, business address, etc.
 - State licensing boards
 - Alcohol vendors
- Enable bankrupt taxpayers to more quickly pay tax debts
 - Allow Secretary to reduce or waive penalties and interest

